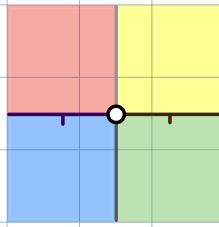


logic in color

Σ The language Π

Our story so far

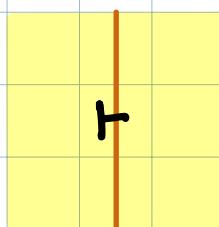
Rel: colors, strings, & beads



[V]: sets + V-matrices

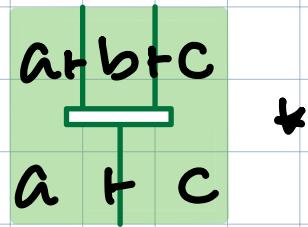
R	a	b
x	•	•
y	•	•

C : monads ~ "cosmic" logic

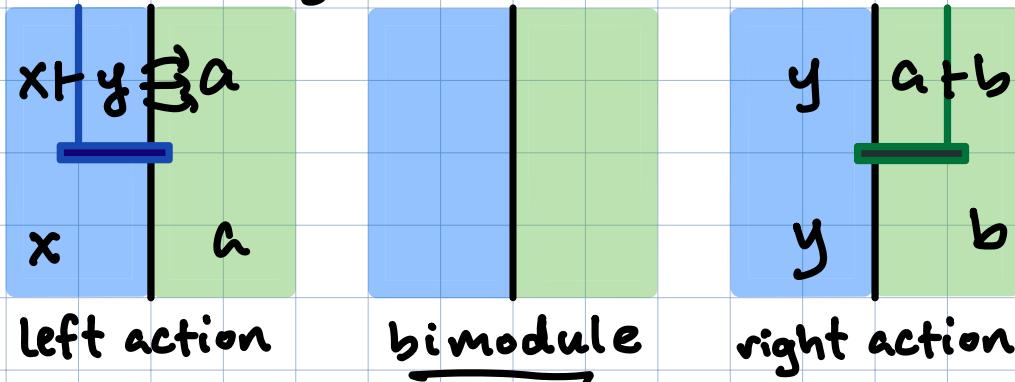


In $\underline{\mathbb{V}}$:= Mod(Mat \mathbb{V}),

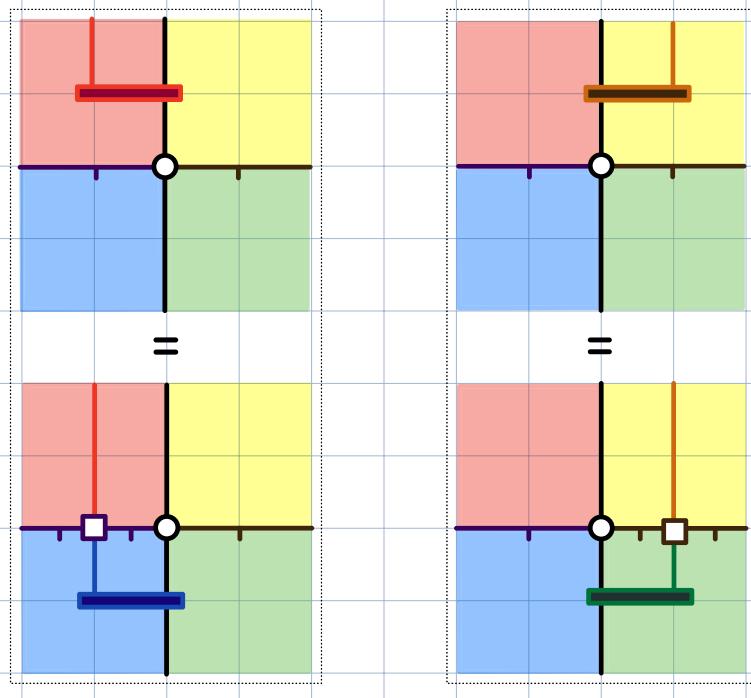
types are "logics",
(IV-categories)



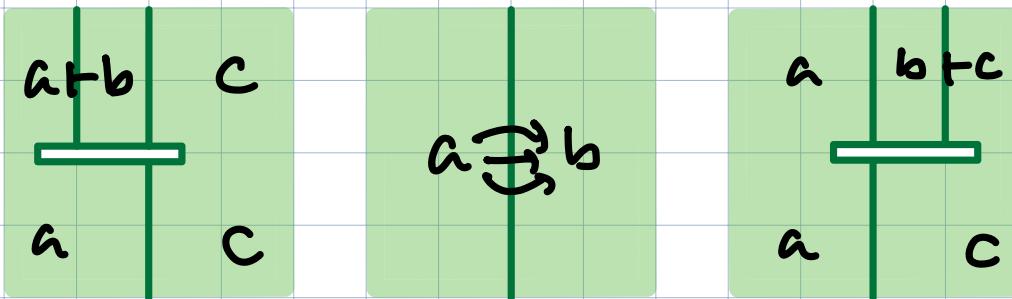
So judgements are "actual"



& inferences are "natural".



This is a whole new idea of logic:
everything is flowing, even
identity.



This formalizes the idea that
an object is known
through its determinations (connections to everything else).

In CT this is called "Yoneda".

There are many equivalent "Yoneda Lemmas",
but we'll see they all come from
understanding identity as concrete.

This is wild!

Yet if this is really logic,
it needs to be a formal language.

It is — in CT it's called "coend calculus",
but not yet a logical system.

$\tilde{\prod}$ end : "natural" universal (\forall)

$\tilde{\Sigma}$ coend : "bilinear" existential (\exists)

In all kinds of generalized logic,
these constructors are so powerful.

' "All concepts are $\tilde{\Sigma} \tilde{\prod}$ " — Mac Lane'
— Michael Scott

$\frac{d}{dx} \subset \text{Lim} \subset \tilde{\prod}$
 $\int dx \subset \text{colim} \subset \tilde{\Sigma}$

} not just "algebra"

First let's remember :

\forall ~ inference
 \exists ~ composition

in Rel

Universal (\forall) is the key
to higher-order reasoning. ("thinking about thinking")

A relation is
a matrix
of propositions
+

an inference is
a matrix
of implications,

R	b	b'
a	0	1
a'	1	0...

R \Rightarrow S	b	b'
a	0-1	1-1
a'	1-1	0-0...

yet this data is united in one proposition:

$$\{ A \boxed{\quad} B \} = \text{Def. } aRb \Rightarrow aSb$$

— this is an object in \mathbb{V} ! *

Rel

In [B] we have the proposition " $R \Rightarrow S$ ";
in [\$], we have the set of inferences

$$\{ \frac{R}{S} \} = \text{Tab. } aRb \rightarrow aSb$$

This is the inference object $[R \Rightarrow S] : \mathbb{V}$.

Remember,

we compose judgements
with sum & tensor (-o- in \mathbb{V})

$$R \vdash U = \sum b : B - Rb \otimes b \vdash U - \\ \exists b : B \ a R b \wedge b \vdash U c$$

Now, look:

we "reify" inferences
with product & hom ($\frac{P \circ Q}{P} \sim \frac{P}{Q \circ P}$)

$$R \vdash S = \prod a : A, b : B \ a R b \rightarrow a S b \\ \forall a b \ a R b \rightarrow a S b$$

(Clearly some duality afoot.)

So with $(\mathbb{V}, \otimes, \Sigma)$ we have $[\mathbb{V}]$

& if also $(", \rightarrow, \prod)$

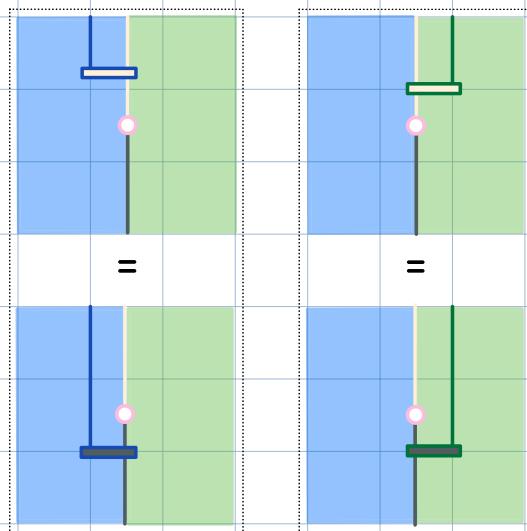
then $[\mathbb{V}]$ supports higher-order logic.

— Now to work in "cosmic" logic,
we also need

equalisers $\{a \mid f = g\} \hookrightarrow A$
& quotients $A \rightarrow A / \langle u \sim v \rangle$.

Why?

Inference is conditioned by "naturality":



i.e. for every

$$\begin{array}{l} \alpha \rightarrow a \\ + b \rightarrow b' \end{array}$$

$$\alpha R b \rightarrow a R b \rightarrow a R b'$$

$$\downarrow \quad \text{..} \quad \downarrow \quad \text{..} \quad \downarrow$$

$$\alpha S b \rightarrow a S b \rightarrow a S b'$$

So, to specify the "subset" of natural inferences:

"natural transformation"

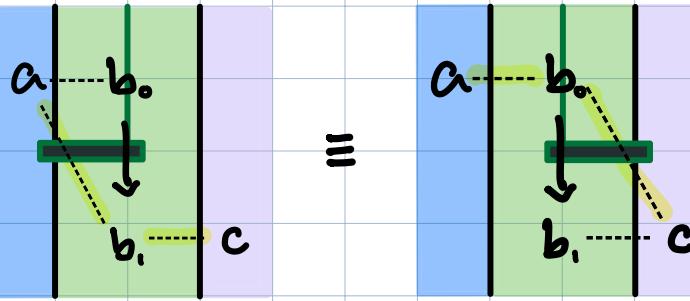
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{TTab. } a R b \rightarrow a S b \mid \text{"equaliser"} \\ 1. \quad \alpha A \circ R b \circ a \gamma b = \alpha \gamma b \circ \alpha A \circ S b \\ 2. \quad a R \circ B b \circ a \gamma b = a \gamma b \circ a S \circ B b \end{array} \right\}$$

This is the end $\tilde{\Pi}_{ab. aRb \rightarrow aSb}$.

RFS inference object

$\tilde{\Pi}$ is the "natural" universal.

Dually,
composition quotients inner actions:



This is necessary
for unitality.

We no longer have $\boxed{\text{blue}} \boxed{\text{green}} = \boxed{\text{blue}}$,
but we must have at least $\boxed{\text{blue}} = \boxed{\text{green}}$:

$$\boxed{\text{blue}} = \boxed{\text{green}} - \boxed{\text{green}} = \boxed{\text{blue}} = \boxed{\text{green}}$$

The iso $R \otimes A \circ R = \tilde{\sum} a:A . Aa \circ aR =$
is known as "coYoneda lemma".

So, composition is defined

$$aR \circ bC := \sum_{b:B} aR \circ b \circ bC / \\ \langle aRB \circ b \circ bC, bC \\ \sim aR \circ b \circ bC \rangle$$

This is the coend $\tilde{\sum}_{b:B} aR \circ b \circ bC$.

$\tilde{\sum}$ is the "bilinear" existential.

These work just like \exists & \forall .

Quantifiers are characterized by a "universal property":

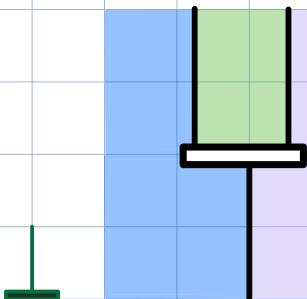
(in CT this is called "hom preserves co/limits")

$$\frac{\exists x \, P_x}{Q} \sim \forall x \, \frac{P_x}{Q}$$

$$\frac{Q}{\forall y \, R_y} \sim \forall y \, \frac{Q}{R_y}$$

Consider an inference

$$\frac{R \circ U}{Z}$$



$$\frac{\tilde{\Sigma} b : B. \, a R b \circ b U c}{a Z c}$$

An inference from $A \xrightarrow{R \circ U} C$
cannot distinguish the inner actions
— so it is "natural" in B .

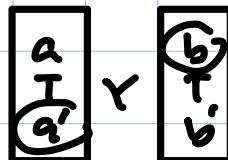
$$\frac{\tilde{\Sigma} b : B. \, a R b \circ b U c}{a Z c} \sim \tilde{\prod} b : B. \, \frac{a R b \circ b U c}{a Z c}$$

& similarly for $X \vdash \tilde{\prod}$.

More, \sum "bilinearity" provides
~~extensions~~, adjoints to composition
 for "internal HOL" — we'll explore next time.

$$\begin{array}{l} Ab \\ A \rightarrow [B, C] \\ A \otimes B \rightarrow C \end{array}$$

Let's end with a bang.



Let A, B be types. (\mathbb{W} -categories)

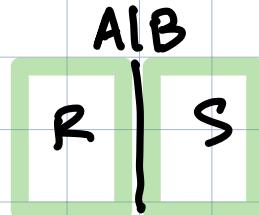
For each $R, S : A | B$
 there's an object of inferences $[R \vdash S] : \mathbb{W}$.

Does that sound familiar?

$$[A | B](R \vdash S) = \tilde{\prod} a : A. b : B. a R b \vdash a S b : \mathbb{W}$$

a \mathbb{W} -matrix!

$$\text{and? } [A | B] \circ [A | B] \rightarrow [A | B]$$



$[A | B]$ is a \mathbb{W} -category!

(so, the language is its own metalinguage.)

This language is not yet defined
nor used systematically in CT.

What is possible in cosmic logic?

$$[A|B] \sim [A^\circ \otimes B + V]$$

judgements

terms